Females Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2016

	Transmission category													
	IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown		Total	
	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of total
Total	1,051	29.9	1,878	53.5	91	2.6	269	7.7	4	0.1	219	6.2	3,512	100.0
Race/ethnicity														
Black/African American	358	24.9	805	56.0	34	2.4	144	10.0	1	0.1	95	6.6	1,437	40.9
Hispanic/Latino	385	30.4	711	56.1	41	3.2	71	5.6	1	0.1	58	4.6	1,267	36.1
White	286	39.0	324	44.2	14	1.9	48	6.5	2	0.3	59	8.0	733	20.9
Other/Multiple races	22	29.3	38	50.7	2	2.7	6	8.0	0	0	7	9.3	75	2.1
Current Age														
<20	0	0	1	4.0	16	64.0	0	0	0	0	8	32.0	25	0.7
20-29	6	3.9	63	41.2	62	40.5	13	8.5	0	0	9	5.9	153	4.4
30-39	66	15.9	255	61.6	13	3.1	54	13.0	0	0	26	6.3	414	11.8
40-49	244	27.9	488	55.7	0	0	84	9.6	1	0.1	59	6.7	876	24.9
50-59	495	37.1	701	52.5	0	0	72	5.4	0	0	67	5.0	1,335	38.0
60+	240	33.9	370	52.2	0	0	46	6.5	3	0.4	50	7.1	709	20.2

Data based on most recent known address as of 2016

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Data supplied from HIV Surveillance for cases reported through 2017

^{1 -} persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS